



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 24, 2025 – 03:01 pm BST

PDB ID : 3ZEA / pdb\_00003zea  
Title : 3D structure of the NiFeSe hydrogenase from *D. vulgaris* Hildenborough in the reduced state at 1.82 Angstroms  
Authors : Marques, M.C.; Coelho, R.; Pereira, I.A.C.; Matias, P.M.  
Deposited on : 2012-12-03  
Resolution : 1.82 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1  
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0rc1  
EDS : 3.0  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
CCP4 : 9.0.003 (Gargrove)  
Density-Fitness : 1.0.11  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.44

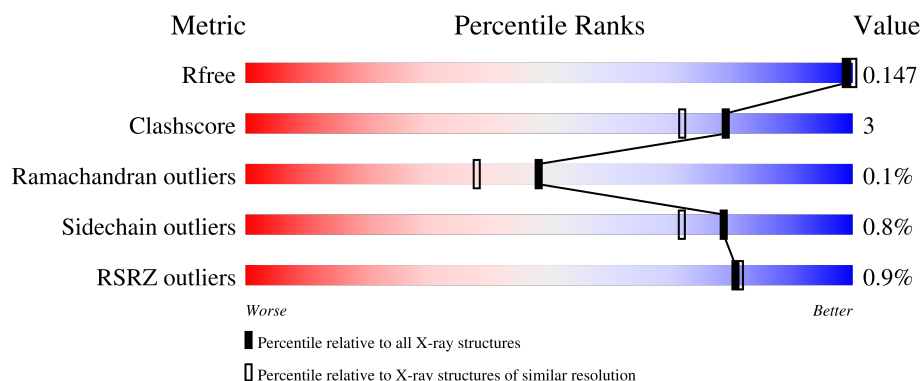
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.82 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	164625	9242 (1.84-1.80)
Clashscore	180529	1080 (1.82-1.82)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1073 (1.82-1.82)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1073 (1.82-1.82)
RSRZ outliers	164620	9241 (1.84-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	283	
2	B	485	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12466 atoms, of which 5889 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called PERIPLASMIC [NIFESE] HYDROGENASE, SMALL SUB-UNIT.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
1	A	279	4178	1349	2065	350	395	19	0	4	0

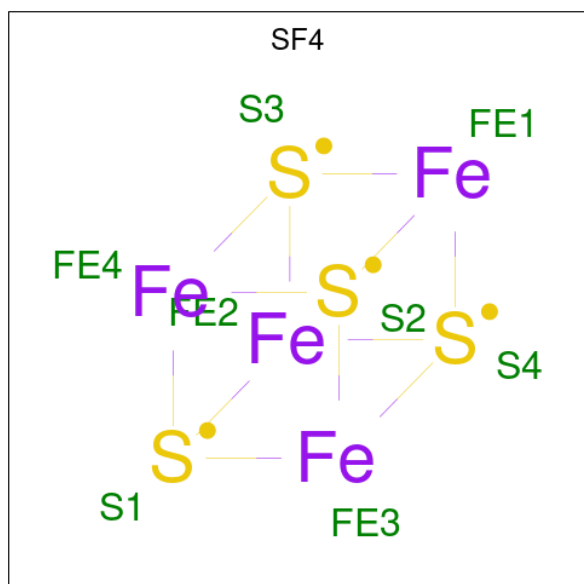
- Molecule 2 is a protein called PERIPLASMIC [NIFESE] HYDROGENASE, LARGE SUB-UNIT, SELENOCYSTEINE-CONTAINING.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	Se			
2	B	481	7617	2422	3824	659	691	19	2	0	10	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

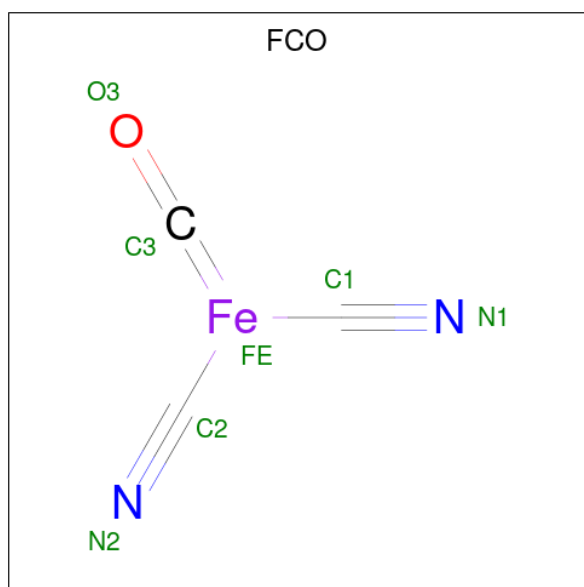
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	489	PSW	SEC	microheterogeneity	UNP Q72AS3

- Molecule 3 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (CCD ID: SF4) (formula: Fe<sub>4</sub>S<sub>4</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			8	4	4		
3	A	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			8	4	4		
3	A	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			8	4	4		

- Molecule 4 is CARBONMONOXIDE-(DICYANO) IRON (CCD ID: FCO) (formula:  $\text{C}_3\text{FeN}_2\text{O}$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			7	3	1	2	1		

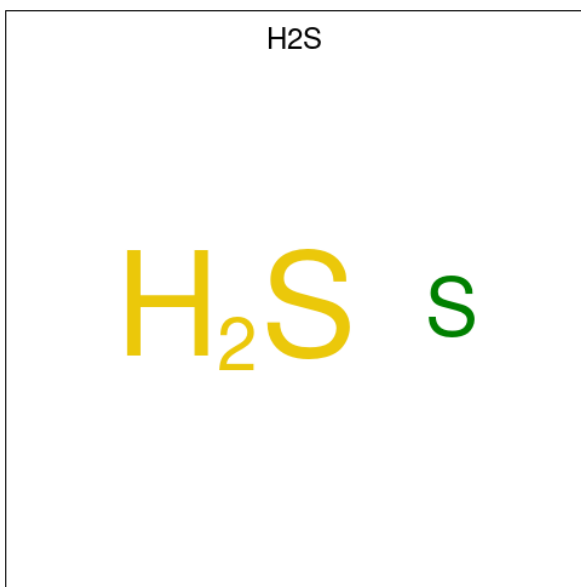
- Molecule 5 is NICKEL (II) ION (CCD ID: NI) (formula: Ni).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	Ni	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 6 is FE (II) ION (CCD ID: FE2) (formula: Fe).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	B	1	Total	Fe	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 7 is HYDROSULFURIC ACID (CCD ID: H2S) (formula:  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	B	1	Total S 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	294	Total O 294 294	0	0
8	B	343	Total O 343 343	0	0

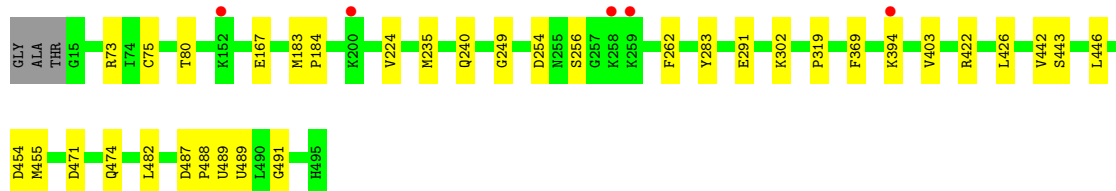
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: PERIPLASMIC [NIFESE] HYDROGENASE, SMALL SUBUNIT



- Molecule 2: PERIPLASMIC [NIFESE] HYDROGENASE, LARGE SUBUNIT, SELENOCYSTEINE-CONTAINING



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	61.80Å 61.80Å 339.30Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	56.55 – 1.82 56.55 – 1.82	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	86.1 (56.55-1.82) 97.9 (56.55-1.82)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.04	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	8.15 (at 1.82Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.124 , 0.147 0.126 , 0.147	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3425 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	16.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.165	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.39 , 47.9	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.028 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	12466	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	20.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.54% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FCO, SF4, PSW, FE2, SEC, H2S, NI, OCS

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.58	0/2181	0.76	0/2963
2	B	0.55	0/3883	0.74	0/5243
All	All	0.56	0/6064	0.75	0/8206

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2113	2065	2058	6	0
2	B	3793	3824	3818	24	0
3	A	24	0	0	0	0
4	B	7	0	0	0	0
5	B	1	0	0	0	0
6	B	1	0	0	0	0
7	B	1	0	0	0	0
8	A	294	0	0	3	0
8	B	343	0	0	6	0
All	All	6577	5889	5876	29	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (29) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:471:ASP:OD1	8:B:2023:HOH:O	1.88	0.91
2:B:422:ARG:NH1	2:B:489[A]:PSW:SD	2.49	0.85
2:B:422:ARG:CZ	2:B:489[A]:PSW:SD	2.73	0.77
2:B:167:GLU:HG3	8:B:2163:HOH:O	1.98	0.64
2:B:474:GLN:NE2	8:B:2342:HOH:O	2.35	0.59
1:A:98:GLU:HG2	8:A:2126:HOH:O	2.05	0.56
2:B:254:ASP:OD1	2:B:256:SER:N	2.41	0.53
2:B:319:PRO:HG3	2:B:446:LEU:HG	1.91	0.52
2:B:442:VAL:HG13	2:B:446:LEU:HD23	1.93	0.51
2:B:482:LEU:C	2:B:482:LEU:HD13	2.39	0.48
1:A:59[A]:GLU:HG3	1:A:63:LYS:HE3	1.96	0.47
2:B:240:GLN:HA	2:B:369:PHE:O	2.14	0.47
2:B:291[B]:GLU:HG3	8:B:2270:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
2:B:302:LYS:HE2	8:B:2262:HOH:O	2.15	0.47
2:B:235:MET:HA	2:B:235:MET:HE2	1.98	0.45
2:B:249:GLY:HA2	2:B:262:PHE:O	2.16	0.45
2:B:394:LYS:HG3	8:B:2304:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:127:ILE:HD12	2:B:73:ARG:HG2	1.97	0.45
2:B:426:LEU:HG	2:B:442:VAL:HB	1.99	0.44
2:B:426:LEU:HD12	2:B:426:LEU:C	2.43	0.43
2:B:487:ASP:N	2:B:488:PRO:HD3	2.34	0.42
2:B:443:SER:O	2:B:446:LEU:HB3	2.20	0.42
2:B:183:MET:HA	2:B:184:PRO:C	2.46	0.41
8:A:2017:HOH:O	2:B:491:GLY:HA3	2.19	0.41
1:A:18:CYS:HA	8:A:2017:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:105:LEU:HD23	1:A:143:PHE:CD2	2.56	0.41
2:B:283:TYR:HB3	2:B:454:ASP:OD1	2.21	0.41
2:B:422:ARG:HD2	2:B:489[A]:PSW:SD	2.62	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	281/283 (99%)	271 (96%)	9 (3%)	1 (0%)	30	19
2	B	486/485 (100%)	477 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	767/768 (100%)	748 (98%)	18 (2%)	1 (0%)	48	38

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	263	ALA

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	227/226 (100%)	226 (100%)	1 (0%)	89	87
2	B	399/391 (102%)	395 (99%)	4 (1%)	73	62
All	All	626/617 (102%)	621 (99%)	5 (1%)	79	72

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	150	LYS
2	B	80	THR
2	B	224	VAL
2	B	403	VAL
2	B	455	MET

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	56	HIS
1	A	95	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	111	ASN
1	A	261	GLN
2	B	132	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

3 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	OCS	B	75	2,5	2,7,9	0.75	0	2,8,13	2.34	1 (50%)
2	PSW	B	489[A]	2,5	3,6,7	0.70	0	0,6,8	-	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	OCS	B	75	2,5	-	1/3/6/9	-
2	PSW	B	489[A]	2,5	-	0/0/5/7	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	75	OCS	OD3-SG-CB	3.02	109.73	105.35

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	75	OCS	N-CA-CB-SG

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	489[A]	PSW	3	0

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic and 1 is modelled with single atom - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
3	SF4	A	286	1	0,12,12	-	-	-		
4	FCO	B	500	2,5	0,6,6	-	-	-		
3	SF4	A	284	1	0,12,12	-	-	-		
3	SF4	A	285	1	0,12,12	-	-	-		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	SF4	A	286	1	-	-	0/6/5/5
3	SF4	A	284	1	-	-	0/6/5/5

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	SF4	A	285	1	-	-	0/6/5/5

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	279/283 (98%)	-0.98	2 (0%) 84 85	9, 16, 31, 51	11 (3%)
2	B	479/485 (98%)	-0.92	5 (1%) 79 80	7, 19, 34, 52	26 (5%)
All	All	758/768 (98%)	-0.94	7 (0%) 81 81	7, 18, 32, 52	37 (4%)

All (7) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	258	LYS	9.4
2	B	152	LYS	6.1
2	B	259	LYS	4.9
2	B	200	LYS	3.1
1	A	150	LYS	2.8
1	A	66	GLU	2.5
2	B	394	LYS	2.2

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
2	PSW	B	489[A]	7/8	0.95	0.14	10,11,21,31	7
2	OCS	B	75	8/10	0.99	0.04	8,11,17,17	0
2	SEC	B	489[B]	6/7	-	-	10,11,18,18	6

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
6	FE2	B	502	1/1	0.99	0.03	18,18,18,18	1
3	SF4	A	285	8/8	1.00	0.02	13,13,13,14	0
3	SF4	A	286	8/8	1.00	0.03	10,11,11,11	0
4	FCO	B	500	7/7	1.00	0.03	12,13,15,19	0
5	NI	B	501	1/1	1.00	0.02	16,16,16,16	0
3	SF4	A	284	8/8	1.00	0.04	14,15,16,16	0
7	H2S	B	503	1/1	1.00	0.07	11,11,11,11	1

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.